2015 JUN 29 PN 5: 13

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014

	Humphr	eys County Water Association #4 – C&M Public Water Supply Name
	:	270002
	List PWS ID #s f	or all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
system, t	er Confidence Report (CCR) to its c this CCR must be mailed or delivered omers upon request. Make sure you fo	A) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a stomers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to slow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
x	Customers were informed of avail	ability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	<u>x</u> On water bills (attac Email message (MU	cal paper (attach copy of advertisement) h copy of bill) ST Email the message to the address below)
		6 / 23 / 2015 , / / , / /
	CCR was distributed by U.S. Posta methods used	al Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/	1
	As a URL (Provide As an attachment	UST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / / URL
	CCR was published in local newsp	aper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper:	
	Date Published: / /	
	CCR was posted in public places.	Attach list of locations) Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly acc	essible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
I hereby public w SDWA. water qu	vater system in the form and mani I further certify that the informa	Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this er identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the tion included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of
Name/Ti	Guy Long, Operator itle (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	6/29/2015 Date
Bureau o P.O. Box		May be faxed to: (601)576-7800
vucasum,	MS 39215	May be emailed to:

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Humphreys County Water Association

System #4 - C&M (ID 270002)

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. Last year, as in years past, your tap water met all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Mississippi State Department of Health drinking water standards. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Our water is drawn from the Sparta Sand Aquifer by a well located on 16th Section Road in the Gooden Lake community.

Source water assessment and its availability:

Our source water assessment has been completed. Our well was ranked moderate in terms of susceptibility to contamination. A copy of this plan is available upon request.

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Other information:

If you want additional information about your drinking water or have questions concerning this report, you may contact us at 247-4145. If you would like to attend one of our regular monthly meetings, please call for the date and time of our meetings.

Significant Deficiencies:

<u>During a sanitary survey conducted on 9/29/2011, the Mississippi State Department of Health cited the following significant deficiency(s):</u>

Inadequate internal cleaning/maintenance of elevated storage tanks

Corrective actions: MSDH is currently working with this system to return them to compliance since the expiration of the compliance deadline. It is anticipated the system will be returned to compliance by December 31, 2015.

Additional Information for Lead:

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Humphreys County Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in drinking water. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA and the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply require us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In the table below, you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level : Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit of Measure	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic Cor	ntaminant	\$,					
Barium	No	*2012	0.002	0	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Соррег	No	2014	0.00	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Cyanide	No	2014	0.015	0	ppm	0.2	0.2	Discharge from steel/metal factories discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Fluoride	No	*2012	0.136	0	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead	No	2014	0.001	0	ppm	0	AL=.015	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	No	2014	<0.08	0	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Eroslon of natural deposits
Nitrite	No	2014	<0.02	0	ppm	1	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection E	By-Produc	ts	 -					
Chlorine (as Cl2)	No	2014	2.00	1.20 - 2.50	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
TTHM [Total Trihalomethanes		2014	1.25	0	ppb	80	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 (Haloacetic Acids	No)	2014	6.0	0	ppb	60	60	By-product of drinking water disinfection



TT:

Terms and Abbreviations used in the Table

MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/1)
ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)
pCi/l: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

% of monthly positive samples: Percent of samples taken monthly that were positive

of monthly positive samples: Number of samples taken monthly that were found to be positive

^{*} No samples required in 2014.